

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 7312

January Session, 2007

LCO No. 5072

05072_____ET_

Referred to Committee on Energy and Technology

Introduced by: (ET)

AN ACT CONCERNING WHISTLEBLOWERS AND PLANNED RADIATION RELEASES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 16-8a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):
- 3 (a) No public service company, as defined in section 16-1, holding
- 4 company, as defined in section 16-47, or Nuclear Regulatory
- 5 Commission licensee operating a nuclear power generating facility in
- 6 this state, or person, firm, corporation, contractor or subcontractor
- 7 directly or indirectly providing goods or services to such public service
- 8 company, holding company or licensee, may take or threaten to take
- 9 any retaliatory action against an employee for the employee's
- disclosure of (1) any matter involving the substantial misfeasance,
- 11 malfeasance or nonfeasance in the management of such public service
- 12 company, holding company or licensee, or (2) information pursuant to
- 13 section 31-51m. Any employee found to have knowingly made a false
- 14 disclosure shall be subject to disciplinary action by the employee's
- 15 employer, up to and including dismissal.

- (b) Any employee of such a public service company, holding company or licensee, or of any person, firm, corporation, contractor or subcontractor directly or indirectly providing goods or services to such a public service company, holding company or licensee, having knowledge of any of the following may transmit all facts and information in the employee's possession to the Department of Public Utility Control: (1) Any matter involving substantial misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in the management of such public service company, holding company or licensee; or (2) any matter involving retaliatory action or the threat of retaliatory action taken against an employee who has reported the misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance, in the management of such public service company, holding company or licensee. With regard to any matter described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the department shall investigate such matter in accordance with the provisions of section 16-8 and shall not disclose the identity of such employee without the employee's consent unless it determines that such disclosure is unavoidable during the course of the investigation. With regard to any matter described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the matter shall be handled in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsections (c) and (d) of this section.
- (c) (1) Not more than thirty business days after receipt of a written complaint, in a form prescribed by the department, by an employee alleging the employee's employer has retaliated against an employee in violation of subsection (a) of this section, the department shall make a preliminary finding in accordance with this subsection.
- (2) Not more than five business days after receiving a written complaint, in a form prescribed by the department, the department shall notify the employer by certified mail. Such notification shall include a description of the nature of the charges and the substance of any relevant supporting evidence. The employer may submit a written response and both the employer and the employee may present rebuttal statements in the form of affidavits from witnesses and

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supporting documents and may meet with the department informally to respond verbally about the nature of the employee's charges. The department shall consider in making its preliminary finding as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection any such written and verbal responses, including affidavits and supporting documents, received by the department not more than twenty business days after the employer receives such notice. Any such response received after twenty business days shall be considered by the department only upon a showing of good cause and at the discretion of the department. The department shall make its preliminary finding as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection based on information described in this subdivision, without a public hearing.

- (3) Unless the department finds by [clear and convincing] a fair preponderance of the evidence that the adverse employment action was taken for a reason unconnected with the employee's report of substantial misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that an employee was retaliated against in violation of subsection (a) of this section if the department finds that: (A) The employee had reported substantial misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in the management of the public service company, holding company or licensee; (B) the employee was subsequently discharged, suspended, demoted or otherwise penalized by having the employee's status of employment changed by the employee's employer; and (C) the subsequent discharge, suspension, demotion or other penalty followed the employee's report closely in time.
- (4) If such findings are made, the department shall issue an order requiring the employer to immediately return the employee temporarily to the employee's previous position of employment or an equivalent position [pending the completion of] while [department's] department completes its full investigatory proceeding pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.
- 80 (d) Not later than thirty days after making a preliminary finding in

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accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the department shall initiate a full investigatory proceeding in accordance with the provisions of section 16-8, at which time the employer shall have the opportunity to rebut the presumption. Such investigation shall continue regardless of whether the parties come to a settlement. The department may issue orders or impose civil penalties in a manner that conforms with the notice and hearing provisions in section 16-41 against a public service company, holding company or licensee or a person, firm, corporation, contractor or subcontractor directly or indirectly providing goods or services to such public service company, holding company or licensee, in order to enforce the provisions of this section.

- (e) If an employee or former employee of such a public service company, holding company or licensee, or of a person, firm, corporation, contractor or subcontractor directly or indirectly providing goods or services to such a public service company, holding company or licensee, having knowledge of any matter involving the substantial misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in the management of such public service company, holding company or licensee, enters into an agreement with the employee's employer that contains a provision directly or indirectly discouraging the employee from presenting a written complaint or testimony concerning such misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance in any legislative, administrative or judicial proceeding, such provision shall be void as against public policy.
- (f) The Department of Public Utility Control shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this section. Such regulations shall include the following: (1) The procedures by which a complaint may be brought pursuant to subsection (a) of this section; (2) the time period in which such a complaint may be brought; (3) the time period by which the department shall render a decision pursuant to subsection (d) of this section; (4) the form on which written complaints shall be submitted to

- the department by an employee pursuant to subsection (c) of this 114 115 section; and (5) the requirement that a notice be posted in the 116 workplace informing all employees of any public service company, 117 holding company and licensee and of any person, firm, corporation, contractor or subcontractor directly or indirectly providing goods or 118 119 services to a company or licensee, as defined in subsection (b) of this 120 section, of their rights under this section, including the right to be 121 reinstated in accordance with subsection (c) of this section.
- 122 (g) Any proceeding held pursuant to this section shall not be
 123 contested case proceedings and shall be independent actions. Any
 124 proceeding held or settlement reached pursuant to this section shall be
 125 made available to the public.
- (h) Any nuclear licensee who violates this section shall be fined not
 more than ___ dollars.
- Sec. 2. Section 22a-135 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):
- 130 (a) The Department of Environmental Protection shall: (1) Review 131 the plans for and operation of safety programs at nuclear plants; (2) 132 make recommendations to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission 133 concerning third-party inspection of components and construction of 134 nuclear plants for the purpose of improving quality assurance plans 135 and programs; (3) require the immediate reporting to the 136 Commissioner of Environmental Protection or his designee, which 137 may be another state agency, by licensees of the United States Nuclear 138 Regulatory Commission which operate nuclear power generating 139 facilities in this state as soon as the licensee has knowledge or, in the 140 exercise of reasonable care should have had knowledge of (A) any 141 release of radiation which is planned, unplanned, unmonitored or 142 which exceeds design standards and specifications established by the 143 Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and (B) any occurrence, incident or 144 other abnormal circumstance, unless it is immediately evident that 145 such occurrence, incident or circumstance is not required to be

reported within twenty-four hours or sooner to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission; (4) monitor radiation originating from nuclear plants and perform tests to detect any buildup of radioactivity in the soil, water, plants or animals of the state; (5) review the training and education of workers at nuclear plants to insure awareness of the possible risks of cancer and future genetic effects; (6) represent the interests of the state in federal and state regulatory hearings and other administrative actions concerning nuclear plants which affect the state; (7) intervene in federal proceedings and petition federal agencies for revision of existing regulations where appropriate; (8) conduct periodic on-site evaluations of the effectiveness and enforcement of federal regulations for the packaging and transportation of radioactive material; (9) study plans for, and hazards inherent in the decommissioning of Connecticut nuclear plants including the possible future use of land now in use by a nuclear power facility; (10) study the storage problems posed by high level wastes; (11) study and, in cooperation with the state police, monitor the security of nuclear plants to assure that the dangers from sabotage and terrorism are minimized; (12) monitor sources of ionizing radiation, microwave radiation and radioactive materials within the state; (13) review the state emergency plan for radiation safety; and (14) investigate out-of-state potential radiological hazards which may have a significant adverse effect upon the health or safety of the people of the state. The commissioner shall charge each of the four nuclearpowered commercial electric power generating plants an annual fee of sixty thousand dollars for monitoring radiation released from such plants. Nuclear fuels radiation facilities shall pay an annual fee of fifteen thousand dollars for monitoring such plants.

(b) In addition to the reporting required of a licensee pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section, the department may require the reporting immediately or within such time period as the department may designate of any additional occurrence, incident or other abnormal circumstance which is not required to be reported within twenty-four hours or sooner to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The department shall adopt

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regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this subsection.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			g
Section 1	October 1, 2007	16-8a	

Statement of Purpose:

October 1, 2007

Sec. 2

To protect nuclear whistleblowers and to require nuclear plant operators to notify the public in advance of planned radiation releases.

22a-135

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]